

Problem 1: Prove that the following languages are not regular.

- (a) $L_1 = \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$
- (b) $L_2 = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and the number of } a\text{'s is greater than the number of } b\text{'s}\}$
- (c) $L_3 = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
- (d) $L_4 = \{ww^R \mid w, w^R \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } w^R \text{ is the reversal of } w\}$

Problem 2: Design a CFG to generate the following languages.

- (a) $L_1 = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } w \text{ has twice as many } a\text{'s than } b\text{'s}\}.$
- (b) $L_2 = \{a^i b^j \mid i \neq j\}$

Problem 3: Consider the following CFG $G = (V, \Sigma, R, E)$, where V , Σ , and R are as follows:

$V = \{+, -, *, /, (,), id, T, F, E\},$

$\Sigma = \{+, -, *, /, (,), id\},$

$R = \{E \rightarrow E + T \mid E - T \mid T,$

$T \rightarrow T * F \mid T / F \mid F,$

$F \rightarrow (E) \mid id\}$

- (a) Draw a parse tree for $w = (id + id * id) / (id - id).$
- (b) Prove that G is unambiguous.

Problem 4: Use the TM M_l , which appears in Example 3.9 on page 173. For each part, give the sequence of configurations that M_l enters when started on the input string ending with a reject or accept.

- (a) 0#0
- (b) 1##1
- (c) 10#11
- (d) 10#10

Problem 5: Give implementation-level descriptions of Turing machines that decide the following languages over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}.$

- (a) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains twice as many } a\text{'s as } b\text{'s}\}$
- (b) $\{w \mid w \text{ does not contain twice as many } a\text{'s as } b\text{'s}\}$